

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Time 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper
reference

WMA14/01

Mathematics

International Advanced Level Pure Mathematics P4



You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations.
Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation,
differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae
stored in them.**

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ▶

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Q1/1/1/



Pearson

- ## 1. The binomial expansion of

$$(3 + kx)^{-2} \quad |kx| < 3$$

where k is a non-zero constant, may be written in the form

$$A + Bx + Cx^2 + Dx^3 + \dots$$

where A , B , C and D are constants.

- (a) Find the value of A

(1)

Given that $C = 3B$

- (b) show that

$$k^2 + 6k = 0$$

(3)

- (c) Hence (i) find the value of k

- (ii) find the value of D

(3)



Question 1 continued

(Total for Question 1 is 7 marks)



2. (a) Express $\frac{1}{(1+3x)(1-x)}$ in partial fractions. (3)

(b) Hence find the solution of the differential equation

$$(1+3x)(1-x) \frac{dy}{dx} = \tan y \quad -\frac{1}{3} < x \leq \frac{1}{2}$$

for which $x = \frac{1}{2}$ when $y = \frac{\pi}{2}$

Give your answer in the form $\sin^n y = f(x)$ where n is an integer to be found.

(6)

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Question 2 continued



Question 2 continued

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Question 2 continued

(Total for Question 2 is 9 marks)



3.

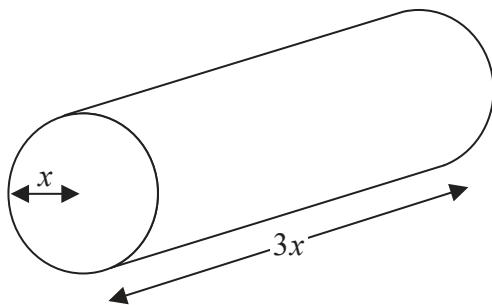


Figure 1

A tablet is dissolving in water.

The tablet is modelled as a cylinder, shown in Figure 1.

At t seconds after the tablet is dropped into the water, the radius of the tablet is x mm and the length of the tablet is $3x$ mm.

The cross-sectional area of the tablet is decreasing at a constant rate of $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$

(a) Find $\frac{dx}{dt}$ when $x = 7$ (4)

(b) Find, according to the model, the rate of decrease of the volume of the tablet when $x = 4$ (4)

Question 3 continued

(Total for Question 3 is 8 marks)



4.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

A curve has equation

$$16x^3 - 9kx^2y + 8y^3 = 875$$

where k is a constant.

(a) Show that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{6kxy - 16x^2}{8y^2 - 3kx^2} \quad (4)$$

Given that the curve has a turning point at $x = \frac{5}{2}$

(b) find the value of k

(4)





Question 4 continued

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Question 4 continued

(Total for Question 4 is 8 marks)



5.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

- (a) Use the substitution $x = 2 \sin u$ to show that

$$\int_0^1 \frac{3x+2}{(4-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int_0^p \left(\frac{3}{2} \sec u \tan u + \frac{1}{2} \sec^2 u \right) du$$

where p is a constant to be found.

(4)

- (b) Hence find the exact value of

$$\int_0^1 \frac{3x+2}{(4-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

(4)





Question 5 continued

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Question 5 continued

(Total for Question 5 is 8 marks)



6. Relative to a fixed origin O ,

- the point A has position vector $\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$
- the point B has position vector $5\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$
- the point C has position vector $3\mathbf{i} + p\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$

where p is a constant.

The line l passes through A and B .

(a) Find a vector equation for the line l

(3)

Given that \overrightarrow{AC} is perpendicular to l

(b) find the value of p

(3)

(c) Hence find the area of triangle ABC , giving your answer as a surd in simplest form.

(3)





Question 6 continued

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Question 6 continued

(Total for Question 6 is 9 marks)



7.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

The curve C has parametric equations

$$x = \sin t - 3 \cos^2 t \quad y = 3 \sin t + 2 \cos t \quad 0 \leq t \leq 5$$

- (a) Show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3$ where $t = \pi$ (4)

The point P lies on C where $t = \pi$

- (b) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at P in the form $y = mx + c$ where m and c are constants to be found. (3)

Given that the tangent to the curve at P cuts C at the point Q

- (c) show that the value of t at point Q satisfies the equation

$$9 \cos^2 t + 2 \cos t - 7 = 0 \quad (2)$$

- (d) Hence find the exact value of the y coordinate of Q (3)





Question 7 continued

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Question 7 continued

(Total for Question 7 is 12 marks)



8.

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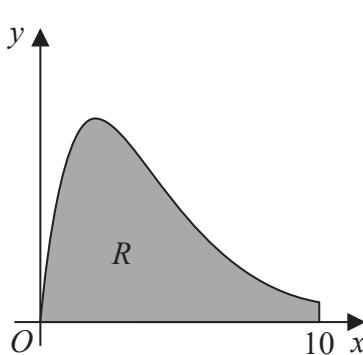


Figure 2

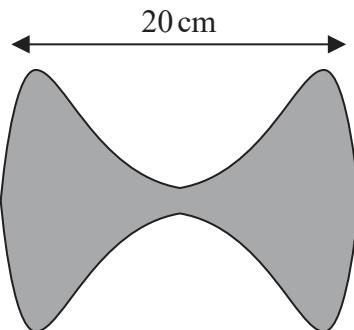


Figure 3

Figure 2 shows the curve with equation

$$y = 10xe^{-\frac{1}{2}x} \quad 0 \leq x \leq 10$$

The finite region R , shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by the curve, the x -axis and the line with equation $x = 10$

The region R is rotated through 2π radians about the x -axis to form a solid of revolution.

(a) Show that the volume, V , of this solid is given by

$$V = k \int_0^{10} x^2 e^{-x} dx$$

where k is a constant to be found.

(2)

(b) Find $\int x^2 e^{-x} dx$

(3)

Figure 3 represents an exercise weight formed by joining two of these solids together.

The exercise weight has mass 5 kg and is 20 cm long.

Given that

$$\text{density} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$$

and using your answers to part (a) and part (b),

(c) find the density of this exercise weight. Give your answer in grams per cm^3 to 3 significant figures.

(5)





Question 8 continued

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Question 8 continued

(Total for Question 8 is 10 marks)



9. Use proof by contradiction to show that, when n is an integer,

$$n^2 - 2$$

is **never** divisible by 4

(4)



Question 9 continued



Question 9 continued

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(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS

